1	н. в. 2777
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3 4	(By Delegates Miley, Skinner, Sponaugle, Manchin, Hunt and Barill)
5	[Introduced March 1, 2013; referred to the
6	Committee on the Judiciary.]
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact \$29-21-9 and \$29-21-20 of the Code of
11	West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to Public
12	Defender Services; authorizing family court judges to appoint
13	counsel in contempt cases when jail commitment is possible and
14	providing immunity to attorney appointed by family court
15	judges.
16	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
17	That $\$29-21-9$ and $\$29-21-20$ of the Code of West Virginia,
18	1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
19	ARTICLE 21. PUBLIC DEFENDER SERVICES.
20	§29-21-9. Panel attorneys.
21	(a) In each circuit of the state, the circuit court shall
22	establish and maintain regional and local panels of private
23	attorneys-at-law who are available to serve as counsel for
24	eligible clients. An attorney-at-law may become a panel attorney

- 1 and be enrolled on the regional or local panel, or both, to serve
- 2 as counsel for eligible clients by informing the court. An
- 3 agreement to accept cases generally or certain types of cases
- 4 particularly may not prevent a panel attorney from declining an
- 5 appointment in a specific case.
- 6 (b) In all cases where an attorney-at-law is required to be
- 7 appointed for an eligible client, the appointment shall be made by
- 8 the circuit judge: Provided, That in family court contempt cases,
- 9 the family court judge shall appoint an attorney-at-law when
- 10 required, in the following order of preference:
- 11 (1) In circuits where a public defender office is in
- 12 operation, the judge shall appoint the public defender office
- 13 unless an appointment is not appropriate due to a conflict of
- 14 interest or unless the public defender corporation board of
- 15 directors or the public defender, with the approval of the board,
- 16 has notified the court that the existing caseload cannot be
- 17 increased without jeopardizing the ability of defenders to provide
- 18 effective representation;
- 19 (2) If the public defender office is not available for
- 20 appointment, the court shall appoint one or more panel attorneys
- 21 from the local panel;
- 22 (3) If there is no local panel attorney available, the judge
- 23 shall appoint one or more panel attorneys from the regional panel;
- 24 (4) If there is no regional panel attorney available, the

- 1 judge may appoint a public defender office from an adjoining
- 2 circuit if such public defender office agrees to the appointment;
- 3 (5) If the adjoining public defender office does not accept
- 4 the appointment, the judge may appoint a panel attorney from an
- 5 adjoining circuit; or
- 6 (6) If a panel attorney from an adjoining circuit is 7 unavailable, the judge may appoint a panel attorney from any 8 circuit.
- 9 (c) In any given case, the appointing judge may alter the 10 order in which attorneys are appointed if the case requires 11 particular knowledge or experience on the part of the attorney to 12 be appointed: *Provided*, That any time a court, in appointing 13 counsel pursuant to the provisions of this section, alters the 14 order of appointment as set forth herein, the order of appointment 15 shall contain the court's reasons for doing so.

16 §29-21-20. Appointed counsel immune from liability.

Any attorney who provides legal representation under the provisions of this article under appointment by a circuit court, family court or by the Supreme Court of Appeals, and whose only compensation therefor is paid under the provisions of this article, shall be immune from liability arising from that representation in the same manner and to the same extent that prosecuting attorneys are immune from liability.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to allow family court judges to appoint counsel for indigent litigants where contempt proceedings could result in jail commitment. This will bring West Virginia in compliance with a United Supreme Court decision.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.